

Interactive Presentations (IP)
Topic 3 - Interactive Presentations (3)

Author: Prof. Teodor-Viorel Chelaru
University POLITEHNICA of Bucharest - Research Center for Aeronautics and Space, Romania,
teodor.chelaru@upb.ro

TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS AND CALCULUS MODEL FOR MARS SPACE VEHICLE WITH HYBRID
ROCKET MOTOR

Abstract

The purpose of the paper is to present a technical solution and a calculus model for a Mars Space Vehicle (MSV) which can be used to evolve at low and medium altitude. Technical solution is based on hybrid rocket motors (HRM) capable to ensure by thrust throttling the pitch and yaw command and a reaction control system (RCS) with cold gas used for roll control. In order to obtain thrust throttling for HRM, we control the oxidiser flow. As support of this approach, we will use some experimental results obtained for thrust control of HRM. For calculus we will develop a nonlinear model with six degrees of freedom, extended with equation for Triger Schmidt nonlinear element used on roll control, and the equations which describe thrust throttling of HRM and the equations which describe RCS functioning. In order to obtain an attitude controller, we develop also a linear model, both models (linear and nonlinear), with the purpose to validate the Guidance Navigation and Control system (GNC) for MSV. For improve kinematic equations, we will use rotations angles which are a combination between Hamilton quaternion and Euler angles. The results obtained will be flight parameters, control signal and operating parameters for HRM and RCS. We will analyse ascending evolution, horizontal evolution and descending evolution, specific for a Mars mission. The conclusions and area of dictions will be focus on possibilities to transpose the results obtained to MSV with HRM and RCS with cold gas. The novelty of the paper consists in original concept regarding attitude control system using thrust throttling for HRM combined with RCS with cold gas and the rotation angles used for attitude control during flight phases.