## IAF SPACE COMMUNICATIONS AND NAVIGATION SYMPOSIUM (B2) Advances in Space-based Communication Systems and Services, Part 2 (3)

Author: Dr. Femi Ishola

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, femi@nict.go.jp

Dr. Alberto Carrasco-Casado

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, alberto@nict.go.jp Dr. Dimitar Kolev

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, dkolev@nict.go.jp Dr. Phuc V. Trinh

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, pvtrinh@nict.go.jp Mr. Koichi Shiratama

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, shiratama@nict.go.jp Dr. Tetsuharu Fuse

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, tetsu.fuse@nict.go.jp Dr. Hiroyuki Tsuji

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, tsuji@nict.go.jp Dr. Morio Toyoshima

National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT), Japan, morio@nict.go.jp

## DEVELOPMENT OF TETHERED UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE LASER COMMUNICATION STATION FOR BEYOND-5G APPLICATIONS

## Abstract

Free-space laser communications (lasercom) offers many promising merits when integrated in beyond-5G (B5G) communication systems, cross-platforms terrestrial high-throughput feeder links as well as ubiquitous space and ground networks. Similarly, Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) are very attractive platforms for deploying fast inter-connectivity between different nodes because of their mobility, agility and cost-effectiveness. However, onboard battery powered UAVs suffer from very short flight-time and small payload-weight margin due to limited energy storage capacity of the batteries. In this paper, we present the work at the Japanese National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) on the development of tethered-UAV (TUAV) airborne stations capable of unlimited hovering flight-time at 100-m altitude, hosting high-rate full-duplex Ethernet lasercom terminals and delivering over 30-km secured data connection range. Compactness and mobility of TUAV stations make it possible to have multiple of such terminals forming nodes in a ring or star topology separated by large distances. The TUAV stations can easily support rapid ad-hoc broadband networks for disaster relief and emergency operations, surveillance and tactical applications. It can be used in urban centers and remote regions as provisional Wi-Fi hubs, IoT interlinks and temporary telecom cell towers. They can likewise be adapted as "quasi-ground station" diversities serving as receivers or relay stations for space-based (satellites) and higher-altitude platforms (HAPS)-based lasercom links within offshore locations.