IAF SPACE SYSTEMS SYMPOSIUM (D1) Interactive Presentations - IAF SPACE SYSTEMS SYMPOSIUM (IPB)

Author: Mr. Woo Seok Park Bundeswehr Univeristy Munich, Germany, woo.park@unibw.de

Ms. Maren Hülsmann Universität der Bundeswehr München, Germany, maren.huelsmann@unibw.de Mr. Salman Ali Thepdawala Universität der Bundeswehr München, Germany, thepdawala95@gmail.com Prof. Roger Förstner Bundeswehr Univeristy Munich, Germany, roger.foerstner@unibw.de

SAFETY GUIDED SYSTEM DESIGN FOR SATELLITE MEGA-CONSTELLATIONS

Abstract

With the trend towards satellite Mega-Constellation more and more satellites are being placed into the Low-Earth Orbit (LEO). Considering the number of satellites already in orbit, with and without intersatellite communication, it is now necessary and feasible to take measures for safe operation and safe orbit maintenance. In terms of operating more than hundreds or thousands of satellites for a single mission, on-board autonomy based on artificial intelligence is coming into focus. The rapid growth of AI-based technology enables the autonomous control of specific sub-systems, formation management, monitoring of each satellite in a cluster, or on-board decision-making during operation.

This paper presents a preliminary system concept for a LEO mega-constellation mission with on-board autonomy based on safety-guided design principles. To take measures considering emergent properties created by the interaction between different subsystems in a satellite and satellites in a cluster, the system theory-based hazard analysis method 'System Theoretic Process Analysis' is applied. Based on this hazard analysis, a preliminary system architecture including the control structure in a multi satellite system is derived. This work is divided into several parts according to autonomous architecture concepts (centralized- and distributed coordination). Each part includes possible hazardous scenarios, associated causal factors, and derived safety requirements for safe autonomous operation in orbit.