IAF EARTH OBSERVATION SYMPOSIUM (B1) International Cooperation in Earth Observation Missions (1)

Author: Dr. Valentina Boccia ESA - European Space Agency, Italy

Dr. Marco Celesti The Netherlands Mr. Antonio Gabriele ESA - European Space Agency, The Netherlands Dr. Ferran Gascon ESA - European Space Agency, Italy Dr. Robert Green Jet Propulsion Laboratory - California Institute of Technology, United States Mrs. Claudia Isola ESA - European Space Agency, The Netherlands Dr. Charles Miller NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, United States Dr. Jens Nieke ESA - European Space Agency, The Netherlands Dr. Benjamin Poulter National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Goddard Space Flight Center, United States Dr. David S. Schimel NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, United States Dr. Kurtis J. Thome National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), Goddard Space Flight Center, United States Dr. Philip A. Townsend University of Wisconsin, United States Dr. Michael Rast ESA - European Space Agency, Italy Dr. Jennifer Adams Rhea for ESA, Italy

NASA-ESA COOPERATION FOR EARTH OBSERVATION: THE SBG AND CHIME HYPERSPECTRAL MISSIONS

Abstract

The NASA-ESA cooperation on imaging spectroscopy space missions is part of the NASA-ESA Joint Programme Planning Group (JPPG) activities and seen as a priority for collaboration, specifically given the complementarity of mission objectives and measurement targets of the SBG and CHIME. Imaging spectroscopy has been identified by NASA, ESA, and other international space agencies as key to addressing a number of most important scientific and environmental management objectives. To achieve the objectives outlined by the NASA's Decadal Survey in ecosystem science, hydrology and geology, and to implement the critical EU- and related policies for the management of natural resources, assets and benefits, high fidelity imaging spectroscopy data with global coverage and high spatial resolution are required. In order to answer to this shared international need, the ESA's CHIME (Copernicus Hyperspectral Imaging Mission for the Environment) and NASA's SBG (Surface Biology and Geology) satellite missions aim to provide imaging spectroscopy data at global coverage at regular intervals of time with high spatial resolution for visible to shortwave infrared (VSWIR) reflectances. The multi-mission and multi-Agency synergetic and cooperative approach currently in place for the development of SBG and CHIME ensures more global coverage spectroscopic observing systems with more rapid revisit time than any one agency's observing system can provide by itself. Therefore, the NASA and ESA teams have joined forces to address the logistical, algorithmic and calibration issues raised by harmonizing data across the two measurement programs, with the goal of providing research and applications communities with seamless high-level data products, effectively reducing the interval of time between usable observations significantly. An additional challenge comes from the volume and complexity of global, high spatial resolution, quasi-weekly data, and both teams are addressing the data science challenges of processing and merging heterogenous data at unprecedented scale. In this context, three Working Groups have been set up to outline the key areas of cooperation between the SBG and CHIME missions, and establish a roadmap for the implementation of cooperation: Data Products and Algorithms, Calibration/Validation, and End-to-End Modelling and Simulation. This contribution will present the aims and objectives of the NASA-ESA SBG-CHIME cooperation, and how it may benefit and enhance addressing CHIME and SBG's key scientific and environmental management objectives. The key areas of collaboration identified by each of the joint Working Groups, as well as the established roadmaps will be presented.