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HOW INDONESIA CONTRIBUTES AND BENEFITS FROM SPACE2030 AGENDA AND
IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Abstract

Space technology and applications play a role in contributing to various global agendas, and incredibly sustainable development. Countries that actively organize space activities agree to the preparation of the Space2030 Agenda and implementation plan which the UNCOPUOS submitted to the General Assembly as a forward-looking strategy for reaffirming and strengthening the contribution of space activities and space tools to the achievement of global agendas, among others: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 and the Paris Agreement. The middle power space country, Indonesia, as an archipelagic country, prone to disasters, and located between two oceans, namely the Indian and Pacific, is very aware of the potential impacts of climate change on the region and various development efforts. However, Indonesia believes this issue cannot be resolved unilaterally. Through the Space2030 Agenda and implementation plan, Indonesia seeks to build partnerships and strengthen international cooperation in space as a solution with a global impact. Indonesia acts on the four overarching objectives mentioned the four pillars of space economy, space society, space accessibility, and space diplomacy. Also, benefit from a number of international and regional mechanisms, programs, projects, and platforms as tools in implementing Space2030 Agenda.