## IISL COLLOQUIUM ON THE LAW OF OUTER SPACE (E7) Artificial Intelligence and Safe Space Communication (3)

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## ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND SAFE SPACE COMMUNICATION

## Abstract

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Artificial Intelligence (AI) has appeared as a life-changing force in space exploration and transforms diverse views of space activities involving communication. Past years have experimented a remarkable surge in the use of AI technologies in space tasks. From automated navigation systems to prognostic fixing methods, AI applications played a vital role in improving the productivity and security of space tasks. Particularly, in the domain of communication, AI-managed systems have eased real-time data analysis, flexible signal processing, and irregularity detection, hence ensuring stable and trusted communication connections between spacecraft and ground stations.

Despite that, the integration of AI into space communication systems brings up intricate legal problems, especially concerning attributability and liability. As AI algorithms make autonomous choices in real-time and defines the item responsible for any possible mistakes or failures becomes difficult. Additionally, the improving nature of AI technologies demonstrates uncertainties regarding responsibility and blameworthiness in the event of accidents or damages.

In order to resolve these issues, authorized frameworks have to adapt to the dynamics of AI-powered space communication. There must be evident guidelines to describe the responsibilities of stakeholders, involving space agencies, satellite operators and AI developers. Additionally, mechanisms for attribution and liability distribution have to be designed to assure a fair resolution of challenges, emerging from AI-associated occurrences in space.

Testing the trends in AI applications in space communication over the past decade shows a constant growth trajectory. According to recent statistics, the utilization of AI technologies in satellite communication has enhanced by over 30% annually, with main space agencies and private companies investing necessarily in AI exploration and improvement. Moreover, progress in machine learning algorithms has led to a decimal improvement in data transmission rates and reaction time reduction, transforming the productivity of space communication networks.

As a matter of fact, while AI offers enormous potential for developing secure space communication, its integration requires cautious consideration of legal consequences. By addressing the difficulties of attributability and liability, politicians can promote a helpful environment for the responsible placement of AI technologies in space activities, making sure the continued advancement of humanity's investigation beyond Earth's boundaries.